



TITLE:

Syntheses of Analgesics. (XXIX) : Syntheses and Pharmacological Action of Isoxazole Derivatives. (2)

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ABSTRACTS

of atom group, one having a pyrolytic and other hypnotic activity, in one molecule. Attempt for further introduction of an alkyl group in the carbon atom at 5-position failed. Pharmacological test of 19 kinds of the barbituric acid derivatives synthesized showed that none of them had a strong analgesic action.

Syntheses of Analgesics. (XXVIII)

Syntheses and Pharmacological Action of Isoxazole Derivatives. (1)

Torizo TAKAHASHI, Hajime FUJIMURA, and Atsushi ASAI

Yakugaku Zasshi (Journal of the Pharmaceutical Society of Japan), 82, 474 (1962)

Reaction of 3,4-dimethyl-5-aminoisoxazole with 2-haloacyl halide afforded 3,4-dimethyl-5-(2-haloacylamido) isoxazole and its reaction with dimethylamine, diethylamine, piperidine, and morpholine gave the corresponding amine compounds. Reaction of 3,4-dimethyl-5-aminoisoxazole with *p*-nitrobenzoyl chloride 3,4-dimethyl-5-(4-nitrobenzamido) isoxazole, which was catalytically reduced at ordinary pressure to 3,4-dimethyl-5-(4-aminobenzamido) isoxazole, and its reaction with 2-haloacyl halide afforded haloacyl compounds. Condensation of these compounds with various amines gave the corresponding amine compounds. Toxicity and analgesic activity of these new compounds were examined.

Syntheses of Analgesics. (XXIX)

Syntheses and Pharmacological Action of Isoxazole Derivatives. (2)

Torizo TAKAHASHI, Hajime FUJIMURA, and Atsushi ASAI

Yakugaku Zasshi (Journal of the Pharmaceutical Society of Japan) 82, 481 (1962)

Reaction of metallic sodium and 2-alkoxyethyl bromide on acetonitrile afforded 2-(2-alkoxyethyl)-3-iminobutyronitrile which was condensed with hydroxylamine hydrochloride to prepare 3-methyl-4-(2-alkoxyethyl)-5-aminoisoxazole. Its reaction with 2-haloacyl halide to form the haloacyl compound and condensation with dimethylamine, diethylamine, and morphine afforded the corresponding amino derivatives.

Application of *p*-nitrobenzoyl chloride to 3-methyl-4-(2-alkoxyethyl)-5-aminoisoxazole afforded 3-methyl-4-(2-alkoxyethyl)-5-(4-nitrobenzamido) isoxazole which was submitted to catalytic reduction at ordinary pressure to prepare 3-methyl-4-(2-alkoxyethyl)-5-(4-aminobenzamido) isoxazole.

Toxicity and analgesic action of these new compounds were examined.
